

Annual results 2021



Bilge Ogut Head Private Equity Technology | Christopher Russell Private Equity Technology



How we deliver sustainable growth



Private Markets to become the new 'traditional' asset class



Confident outlook to drive sustainable & profitable AuM growth



AuM growth and exceptional performance fees drive profit up 82%





Private Markets: The New 'Traditional' Asset Class

Private and public markets are close to swapping roles

Private markets

Public markets

The broader economy is increasingly built in private markets



Growing competition and maturity leads to private market bifurcation



The 'builders approach' drives private market returns





In the 1980s, private and public markets had distinct roles



'Opportunistic'

'Traditional'

Private Markets

Opportunistic, event-driven strategies (primarily LBO)

Often 'household' names

Only consumer and industrial sectors

Value primarily derived from unusual leverage (>90%¹)



REVION



SAFEWAY ()

THE PERIL BEHIND THE TAKEOVER BOOM

"I'm worried the aggregate of [increased leverage], including leveraged buy-outs, is simply... a perverse result of greed and not a logical, rational thing. I don't know how all this debt will be serviced." Thomas S. Johnson, President of Chemical Bank Dec. 1985 The New Hork Times

INSIDE THE DEAL THAT MADE BILL GATES \$350,000,000

"Of the more than 1,500 companies that have [IPO-ed], few have enjoyed a more frenzied welcome from investors than Microsoft... With pre-tax profits running as high as 34% of revenues, Microsoft needed no outside money to expand." Jul. 1986 (IN) Money

Public offerings used for strategic corporate development

Mature companies

All industry sectors

Profitable with meaningful earnings history



Microsoft









Public

Markets

The early days of private markets involved opportunistic investment structures for mature companies



In the 2000s, public and private markets began shifting roles



'Opportunistic'

'Traditional'

Private Markets

Increasingly mid-term, across broader economy

Profitable and unprofitable companies

All industry sectors, plus venture and growth capital

Moving away from pure event-driven strategy and leverage (\sim 70%¹)









The Strategic Secret of Private Equity

"Private equity firms – aiming for greater growth – have shifted their attention [from underperforming business units] to the acquisition of entire public companies..."

Sep. 2007

Harvard Business Review

Companies Have Gotten the Jitters But Investors Say 'Bring the IPOs'

"...investors [have] chased anything connected to the internet, pushing the stocks of unproven companies with dim prospects for a profit into the stratosphere."

Apr. 2000 THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.

Public offerings more often for valuation arbitrage

Profitable and unprofitable companies

All industry sectors and technology / 'new market' companies
Broad maturity ranging from recent start-ups to institutions









Public Markets

Public markets started chasing speculation while private markets institutionalized



Today, private and public markets are close to swapping roles



'Opportunistic'

'Traditional'



Private Markets

Long-term, driving the broader economy

Primarily profitable companies with lower leverage (<50%¹)

All industry sectors

Increasingly long-term oriented strategies







WORLDWIDE

Public offerings dominated by 'hype' assets

Primarily unprofitable companies

Increasingly focused on technology

Disproportionately rewarding speculative growth







coinbase

Public Markets

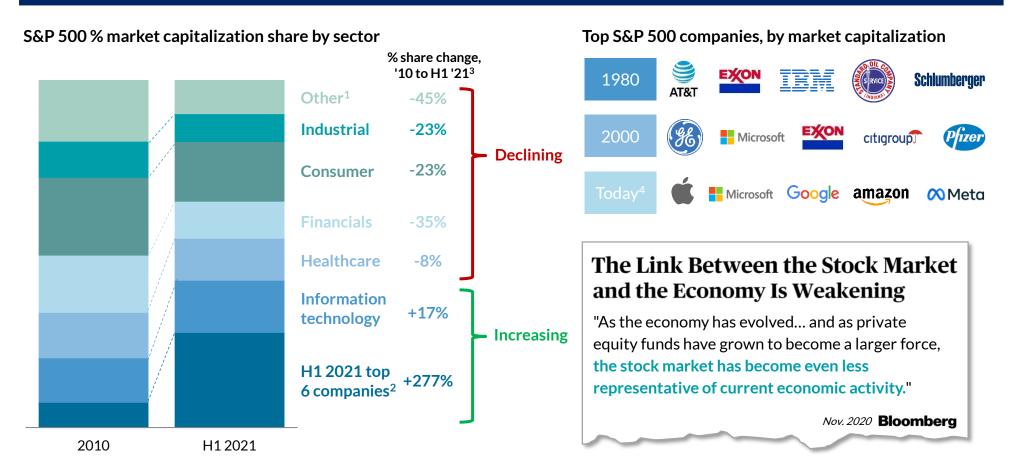


Private markets drive the broader economy



Public market composition is transitioning away from the broader economy...





Public markets are increasingly dominated by technology businesses

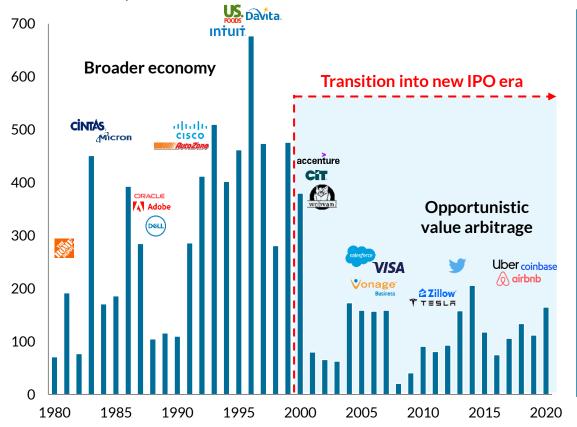
For illustrative purposes only. 1 Includes: Energy, Utilities, Real Estate, Materials. 2 Includes Alphabet, Amazon, Apple, Meta, Microsoft, and Tesla. 3 The relative (not absolute) change in each sector's percentage of the S&P market capitalization from 2010 to H1 2021. 4 The fifth largest market cap company is in flux. In February 2022, Meta lost >30% market capitalization and has been replaced by Tesla which is closely followed by Berkshire Hathaway and Nvidia. Sources: S&P Capital IQ (2022).



...as IPOs no longer represent the broader economy



Number of IPOs, 1980-2020



Rivian shares surge 29% after IPO, valuing electric-car maker higher than GM and Ford

"Shares in electric-vehicle start-up Rivian soared as much as 40% on their market debut... valuing the loss-making company that has produced only a few hundred cars at more than \$100 billion, higher than century-old Ford or General Motors."

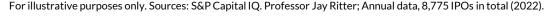
Nov. 2021 FORTUNE

Robinhood IPO filing reveals \$1.4 billion loss

"Robinhood... revealed in its IPO filing that it lost \$1.4 billion in the first three months of the year... [while] revenue soared 309% during the same period...

Despite its losses and controversy, Robinhood offers something that's always in great demand on Wall Street: explosive growth."

IPOs have shifted from 'household' names to opportunistic value arbitrage

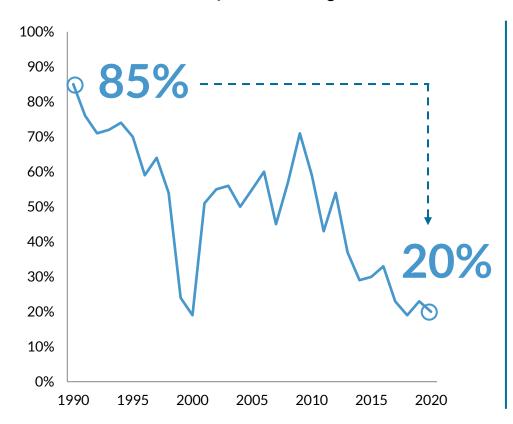




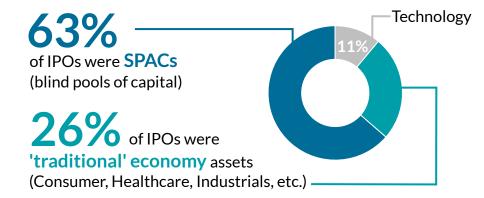
Public markets are increasingly speculative and opportunistic



% of IPO-ed businesses with positive earnings¹



Public market issuances, US 2020-2021²



"For the 262 SPAC mergers... completed during 2020 and 2021, the average stock price on Dec. 31, 2021, was \$8.70, considerably below the average price of more than \$10 per share at which the stocks traded at the time of the merger... [this] decline during the post-merger ('deSPAC') period... is noteworthy, given that the stock market finished 2021 near an all-time high."

Professor Jay Ritter, University of Florida

Jan. 2022

Profitability of IPO-ed businesses is near record lows, last seen during the dot-com bubble

For illustrative purposes only. **1** Earnings per share > 0; Annual data, 6'728 IPOs in total. The sample includes IPOs with an offer price of at least \$5.00, excluding ADRs, unit offers, closed-end funds, REITs, natural resource limited partnerships, small best efforts offers, banks and S&Ls, and stocks not listed on CRSP (CRSP includes Amex, NYSE, and NASDAQ stocks). **2** Figures shown represent US IPOs from 2020-2021. 1,359 issuances. Sources: S&P Capital IQ (2022); Professor Jay Ritter, University of Florida (2022); Partners Group (2022).

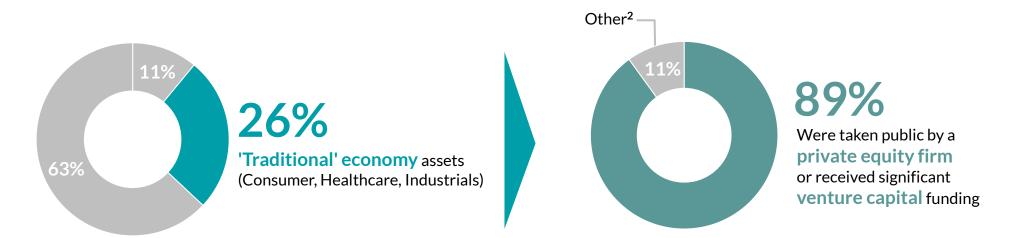


Prior to an IPO, most 'traditional' assets are managed in private markets



Public market issuances, US 2020-2021¹

Origination of 'traditional' economy asset IPOs



"For a period of time, private equity and venture capital cannibalized the IPO market... but now it's driving the IPO market."

-Eddie Molloy, Co-Head of Equity Capital Markets in the Americas at Morgan Stanley

Nov. 2021 THE WALL STREET JOURNAL

Private markets are driving IPOs for 'traditional' assets





A new perspective on businesses, two archetypes: 'Spotlight' and 'Foundational'



Focus on delivery of end-customer branded/IP services and products, high public awareness, often less human and capital intensive

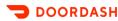
'Spotlight'



Brand

Intellectual property







'Foundational'

Creation of services and products, providing critical infrastructure and installations, often more human or capital intensive

Infrastructure

Critical processes

Resources

Manufacturing

Supply chain

Installations

Machinery

R&D



AMEGA



For illustrative purposes only. Source: Partners Group (2022).



Public markets disproportionately value 'Spotlight' elements...





The direct-to-consumer healthcare apparel company's shares surged 65%+ in the first month (c. USD 8bn EV, 112x EV/EBITDA)...

After IPO, the **electric vehicle** company's Rivian shares surged 70%+ in days (c. USD 157bn EV), despite delivering only a few hundred cars...

VS.

VS



...compared to Partners Group's
2021 acquisition of leading
healthcare apparel company
Careismatic Brands for USD 1.3bn
(c. 11x EV/EBITDA), with meaningful
growth opportunities

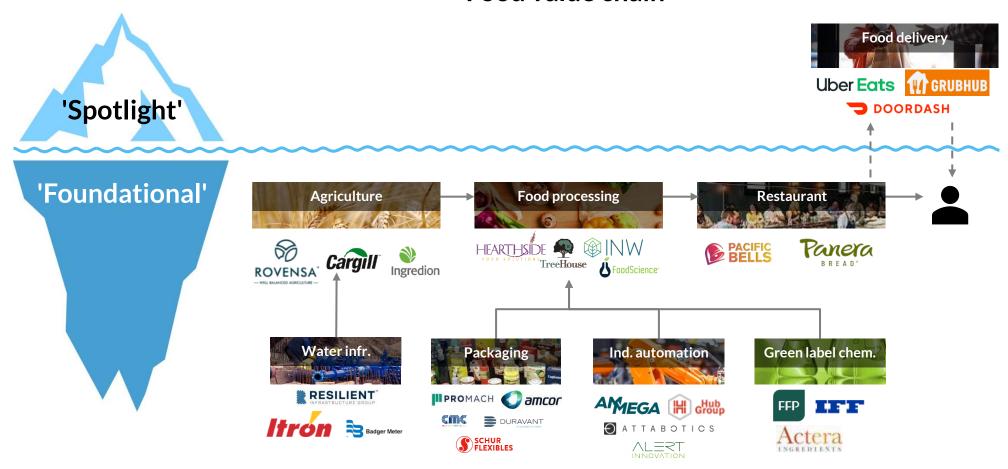
...reaching a higher valuation than 110+ years old General Motors or Ford, who collectively sold 10m+ vehicles worldwide in 2021... each with electric vehicle strategies with established brands

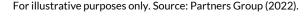


...while private markets largely realize value in the 'Foundational' elements of a value chain



Food value chain







'Foundational' elements are expected to play a material role in the future economy





'Spotlight' and 'Foundational' relevant



Primarily 'Spotlight' driven



Primarily 'Foundational' driven

Goods & products



Technology



Health & life



Services



















'Foundational' elements are expected to play a material role in the future economy





'Spotlight' and 'Foundational' relevant



Primarily 'Spotlight' driven



Primarily 'Foundational' driven

Infrastructure and Real Estate















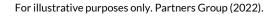














The broader, future economy will still be largely driven by 'Foundational' elements...

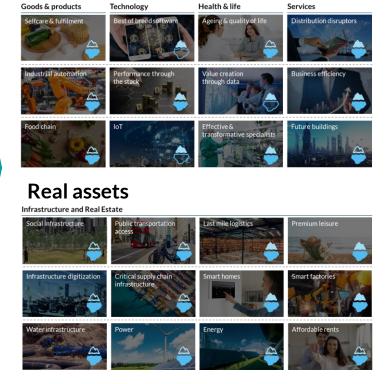
Health & life

Services















~90% of themes need 'Foundational' activities

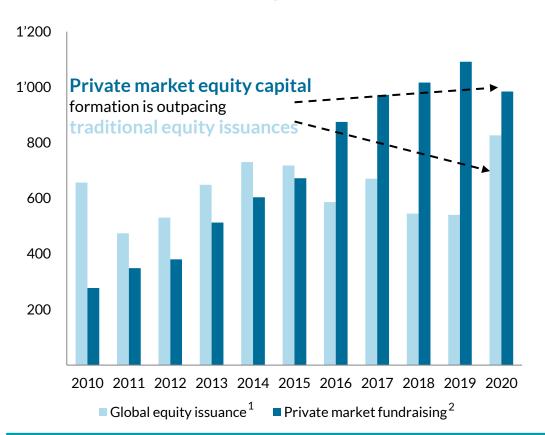
...and therefore, be driven by private market activities



Traditional capital formation is transitioning to private markets



Public vs. private market fundraising, USD bn



"Perhaps the single most significant development in securities markets in the new millennium has been the explosive growth of private markets. We've become all too familiar with the statistics: more capital has been raised in these markets than in public markets each year for over a decade with no signs of a change in the trend."

Oct. 2021



U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

"Private equity fundraising reached a new all-time high in 2021... gathered by funds across buyouts, venture capital, growth equity, secondaries and other strategies... Now, with the top 10 funds in market seeking almost \$180 billion between them—2022 is stacked with at least 15 funds targeting \$10 billion each—the stage is set for another big year."

Private markets are outpacing public markets for new capital formation

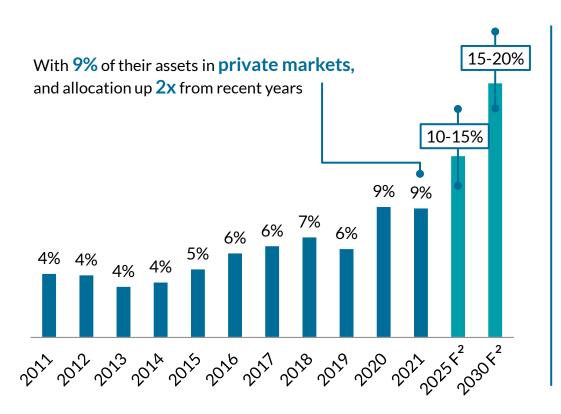
For illustrative purposes only. **1** Global equity issuance includes rank eligible, non-convertible IPOs and follow-on equity investments; excludes preferred shares, rights issued, closed-end funds, business development companies, and special purpose acquisition companies. Source: SIFMA (2021). **2** Includes global private markets fundraising across private equity, private real estate, and private infrastructure. Source: Preqin (2022).



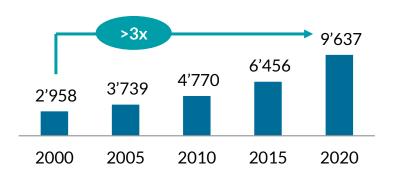
Sources of private market funding are structurally growing...



Average private markets allocation of top 25 institutional investors¹



Total assets of retirement DC plans in the US, USD bn³



"...the next big wave of [private markets asset allocation] is likely to come from retail investors, who have largely remained on the sidelines as private markets have expanded."

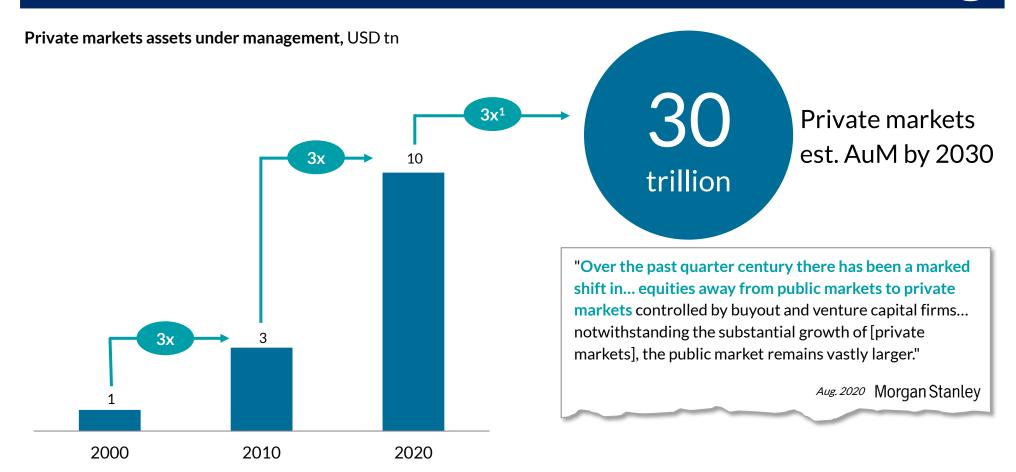
Jul. 2021

Institutional and retail investors are expected to increase their portfolio allocation towards private markets



...supporting further outsized growth of private markets...





Private markets AUM tripled every decade since 2000, and is poised for strong growth through 2030

For illustrative purposes only. Sources: Preqin (2022), World Federation of Exchanges (2022). 1 Partners Group's estimate (2022).



...contributing to massive competition and higher valuations

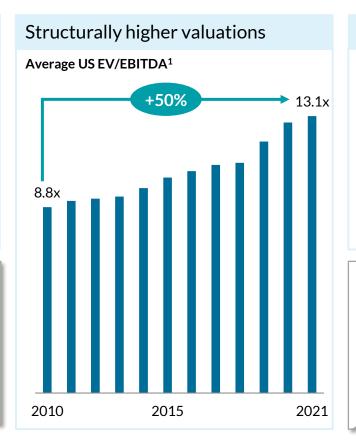


Massive competition

Private market firms	Large corporates
Large asset managers	Sovereign wealth funds
Industrial conglomerates	Largest pension funds
Large family offices	Select government affiliates

"The number of active firms in private markets topped 11,000 in 2020, growing... 8.0 percent p.a. since 2015. Attractive economics and significant liquidity have continued to drive new entrants into the space..."

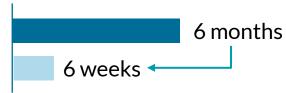
Apr. 2021 McKinsey & Company



Shorter timelines

Investors complete due diligence at breakneck speeds to remain competitive, especially in processes for highly attractive assets

Transaction timelines



"Frenetic activity means less due diligence... managers are feeling rushed... The pressure to deploy capital means fund managers have less incentive to evaluate potential targets strictly, or to turn down deals."

The pressure to deploy capital means fund managers have less incentive to evaluate potential targets strictly, or to

Increased competition and valuations expected to exacerbate pockets of depressing returns



Private markets expected to bifurcate into passive and active investors



Passive Active

"Beyond the specialists and an ever-growing population of more opportunistic generalists on the investor buyside, we are seeing an increasingly dense rush into the secondary markets by fund managers... The number and variety of secondary programs looks only set to grow."

Jun. 2021 Forbes

"For LPs, the key question, of course, is the impact of [fund] growth on performance. 'Asset gathering' has long been the bugbear of LPs, wary that fund growth may distract the attention or sap the motivation of top deal makers from creating the very outperformance that enabled that growth."

Apr. 2021 McKinsey & Company



Private Equity International

AWARDS 2021

AMERICAS LARGE-CAP "Partners Group's hands-on approach with PCI Pharma Services helped deliver operational efficiencies while strengthening the company's global footprint... Under its ownership, PCI's EBITDA increased by 15.6% CAGR."

"Taken together, operational improvements launched in early 2019 succeeded in accelerating Ellie Mae's organic growth to 50%, from 6%...
EBITDA margins jumped to 60%, from a previous 17-18%... Thoma Bravo earned a gross multiple on invested capital of 4.1x and a gross internal rate of return of 217%."

Apr. 2021 Buyouts

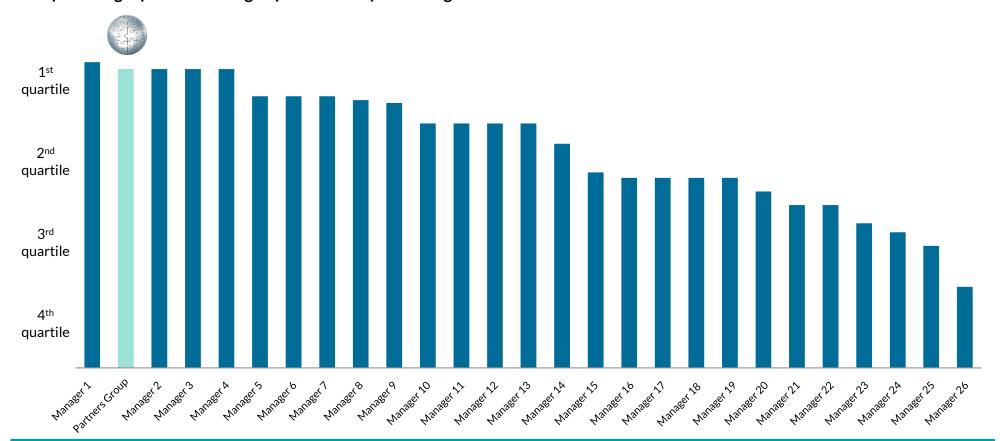
Private markets managers will further segment into active and passive strategies



Partners Group's 'active strategy' is effective at driving outperformance



Preqin average quartile ranking of post-GFC buyout vintages¹



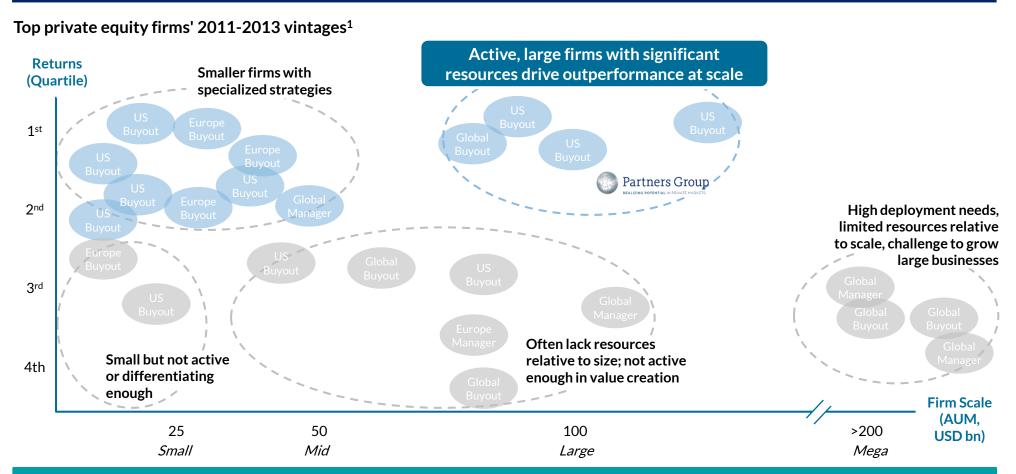
Outperformance of active managers will be a key differentiator

For illustrative purposes only. Past performance is not indicative of future results. There is no assurance that similar results will be achieved. 1 Based on Preqin report published 10 December 2020; ranking of the top buyout firms.



Active entrepreneurship with significant resources drives outperformance at scale





Outperformance of active managers will be a key differentiator

For illustrative purposes only. **1** Top private markets firms listed on Private Equity International's PEI 300 list, which ranks private equity firms by five-year fundraising totals. Within those top 50 managers, there were 26 mature post-GFC (2011-2013 vintages) private equity buyout funds with available performance data. Performance data for each manager is based on average nIRR quartile ranking on their mature, post-GFC private equity buyout funds (2011-2013 vintages) within the top 50 PEI managers; 1st; 22.8%-39.5% nIRR; 2nd: 18.9%- 22.8%; 3rd: 15.1%-18.9%; 4th: 1.4%-15.1%. Investment firm bubbles represent each respective firm's primary geographic and investment mandates. "Buyout" denotes firms whose majority of assets under management is marked for acquiring majority private equity ownership positions. "Manager" indicates firms whose majority of assets under management is market for non-private equity corporate ownership positions (e.g. real estate, infrastructure, debt, secondaries, fund-to-funds, growth equity, etc.). Sources: Preqin (2022). Private Equity International (2022). Partners Group (2022).



Active private markets investing means 'business building'



Applying
'the best' of
successful
'conglomerates'...

Strategic rigor and strong industrial logic



Strong focus on operational value creation



Decentralized, entrepreneurial governance



Best-in-class systems and processes



Best-in-class leadership/talent development & recruitment



...and avoiding the pitfalls of underperforming 'conglomerates' Shifts of capital and resources to (larger) underperformers

Capital allocation not consistent with long-term **industrial logic**

Governance dominated by **central corporate entity**

Insufficient
professionalism of
governance at invested
company level

Portfolio is built with an 'opportunistic M&A approach'

Insufficient focus on industry logic at invested company level

Invested companies rely on growth through major, fully-priced M&A add-ons

Lack of value creation and more nimble platform development strategy

...and avoiding the mistakes of the failed ones



'Transformational investing' is our answer to the opportunities and challenges ahead of us



Thematic investing

Build thematic depth and specialization across subsectors



Leverage deep network of experts and advisors to develop thematic thesis



Thematic sourcing to develop investment hypothesis years in advance

Healthcare	Bus. & fin. services	Consumer
Aging: value-based care • Fertility: physical therapy • Ophthalmology • Dental tech/digital dentistry	Non-bank financials • Lender specialty finance • Insurance brokerage	Customization; SKU proliferation Contract manufacturing Flavoring/ingredients
Biologics; cell & gene industry • Oligos; viral vectors; equipment • Cell & gene manufacturers	Financial digitization Cashless payment Modular governance, risk & compliance software	Health & sustainability Beauty Healthy diet & lifestyle Trivironmental sustainability
Next generation clinical trials • Unique contract research organizations • Remote monitoring/virtual trials	Outsourced services • Risk & pension services • Facility & hygiene services	Premiumization & specialty retail • Aspirational brands • Discount retail/bargain hunt
Healthcare efficiency • Health IT • Telemedicine • Diagnostic automation	Education & training • Private education • EdTech & modular learning management	Pet & vet • Services • Products

Compounding long-term winners for longer, for the benefit of our clients

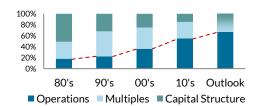


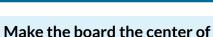


Leverage global platform for benefit of our clients and portfolio



Systematic strategy setting and value creation plans





vision, strategy, and accountability



Apply capabilities of our network of (lead) operating directors





Private Markets: The New 'Traditional' Asset Class

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The 'builders approach' drives private market returns



Transformational investing is our playbook for successful 'business building'



How we deliver sustainable growth





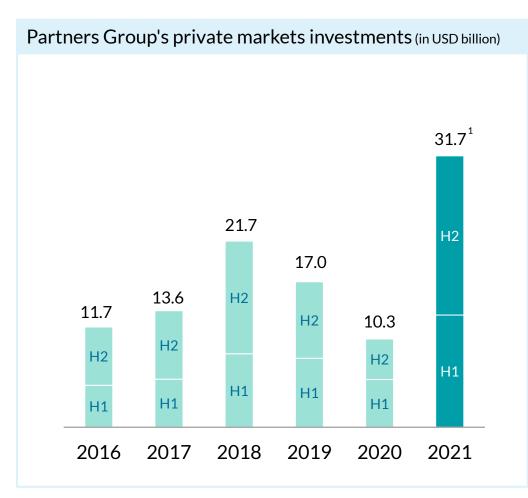


Private Markets to become the new 'traditional' asset class Confident outlook to drive sustainable & profitable AuM growth AuM growth and exceptional performance fees drive profit up 82%





2021 was marked by strong private markets realizations and investments





1 USD 17.6 billion invested in direct equity investments and USD 3.2 billion invested in direct debt investments. Figures include add-on investments but exclude syndication partner investments. Direct equity investments include all direct private equity, direct infrastructure and direct real estate investments (including direct secondary transactions where Partners Group has a controlling interest). Private debt investments include direct lending investments ("debt") as well as portfolio assets raised in the liquid loans business ("BSL") during the period, which includes collateralized loan obligations and net inflows into dedicated liquid loan investment vehicles. Portfolio assets include USD 5.2 billion invested in secondaries, USD 2.6 billion invested in primaries and USD 3.0 billion in BSL. Past performance is not indicative of future returns. Source: Partners Group (2022).



Overall strong portfolio performance

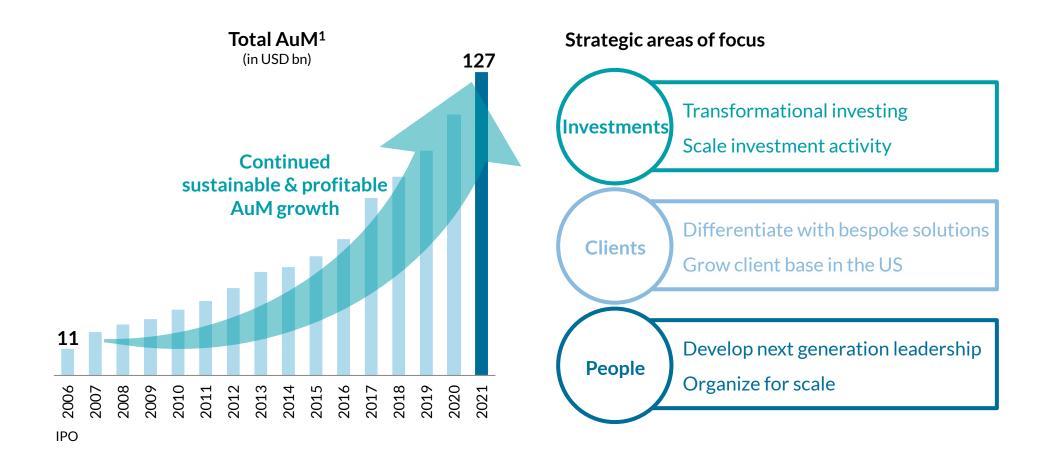
Net direct portfolio performance overview

		Partners Group ¹	
		2021	Last 10 years
	Private equity	26.0%	19.9%
€ \$£ (5)	Private debt	9.3%	6.4%
1	Private infrastructure	9.7%	13.5%
	Private real estate	13.8%	9.4%

1 Partners Group shows performance as model net returns, which are based on gross investment performance and standard fee parameters for the twelve-month period ended on 31 December 2021 and for the 10-year period ended on 31 December 2021, respectively. All cash flows and valuations are converted to USD using fixed FX rates as of 31 December 2021. Return figures denote annualized pooled internal rates of returns (IRR) of direct investments in private equity, private debt and private infrastructure. Private real estate includes all investments underlying Partners Group's Real Estate Opportunity (REO) strategies, representing private real estate direct investments and (direct) secondary investments. Model net figures do not include the impact of factors such as any taxes incurred by investors, organizational and administration expenses or ongoing operating expenses incurred by the investment program (e.g. audit, hedging etc.). The performance presented reflects model performance an investor may have obtained had they invested in the manner and the time period shown and does not represent performance that any investor actually attained. Note: Past performance is not indicative of future returns. For illustrative purposes only. Source: Partners Group (2022).



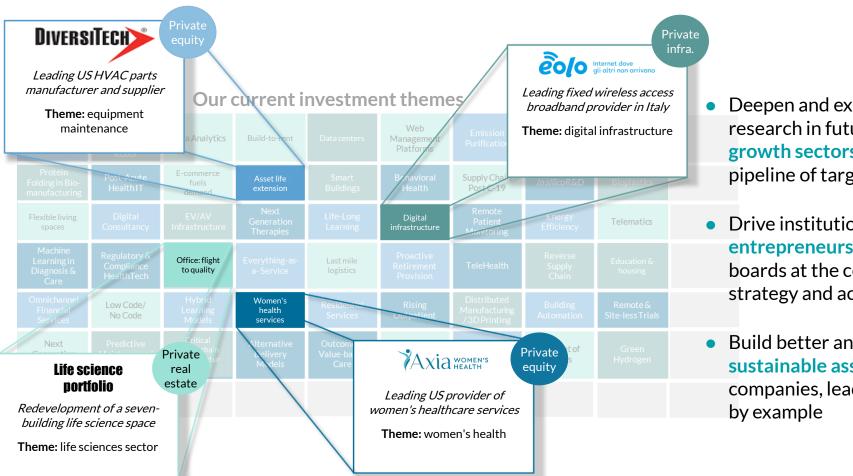
Our strategic roadmap will continue to lead to sustainable & profitable AuM growth



1 Partners Group aims to mirror the fee basis for its various programs and mandates when calculating AuM. For further information please refer to the 2021 Annual Report, "Key definitions and alternative performance metrics (APM)", on page 30, available for download at www.partnersgroup.com/financialreports. Note: assets under management exclude discontinued public alternative investment activities and divested affiliated companies held up to 2013. Past performance is not indicative of future returns. Source: Partners Group (2022).



Transformational investing



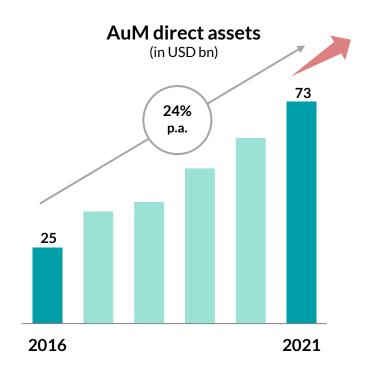
Deepen and expand research in future thematic growth sectors and grow pipeline of target assets

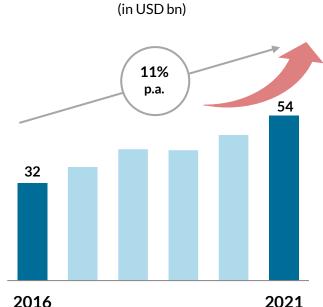
- Drive institutional entrepreneurship at scale with boards at the center of vision, strategy and accountability
- Build better and more sustainable assets and companies, leading ESG impact

Source: Partners Group (2022).



Scale investment activity





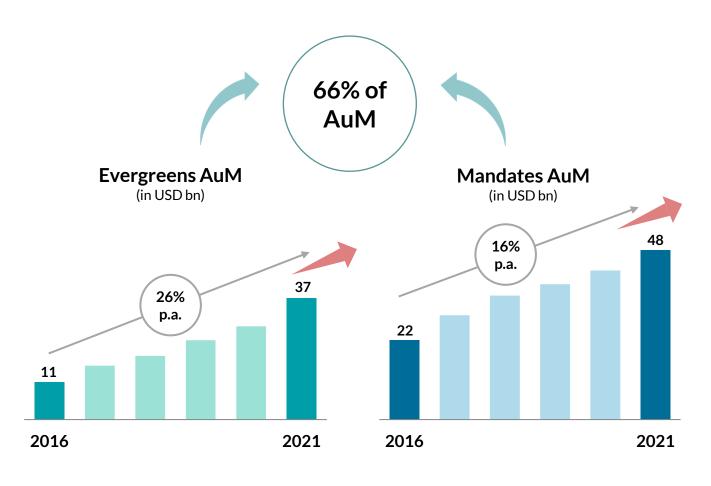
AuM portfolio assets

- Scale direct investments through growth of platform themes and extended holding periods for long-term winners
- Reactivate the growth rate of our portfolio assets, particularly in the evolving segment of continuation funds
- Continue to scale private debt platform through program innovation, both closed- and open-ended

Source: Partners Group (2022). Direct assets include direct equity investments across private equity, private infrastructure, private real estate and direct lending. Portfolio assets include primaries as well as secondaries across all asset classes and broadly syndicated loans. Past performance is not indicative of future returns.



Differentiate with bespoke solutions



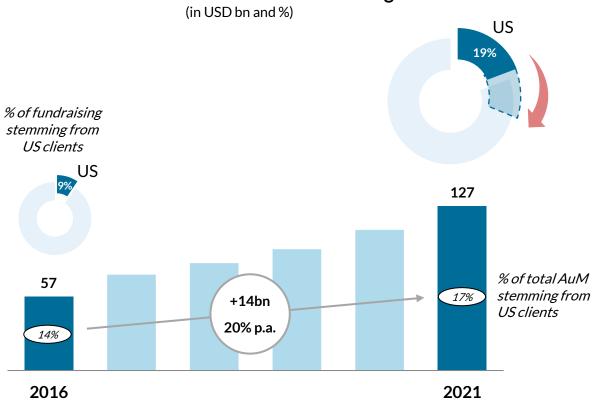
- Further build out our leading position as a global provider of private equity and private market mutual evergreen programs
- Expand offering of bespoke evergreen solutions for smaller investors & private individuals
- Grow single & multi-asset class bespoke mandate solutions at a higher rate than overall AuM

Source: Partners Group (2022). Mandates AuM include commitments by select mandate clients into traditional programs. Past performance is not indicative of future returns.



Grow client base in the US





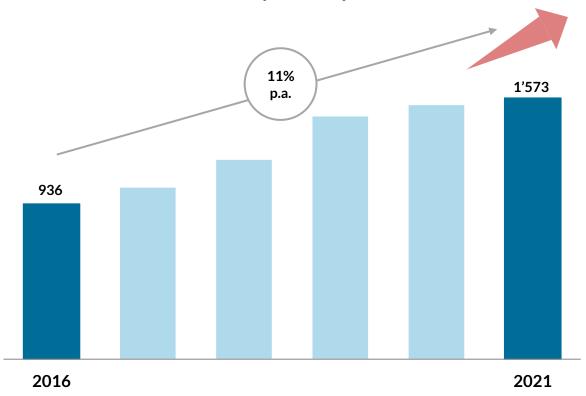
- Increase brand awareness and footprint in the US to win new clients with our bespoke solutions
- Create leadership position in the nascent **US defined** contribution pensions market space
- Grow incremental share of fundraising stemming from the US to be above 30%



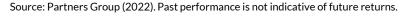
REALIZING POTENTIAL IN PRIVATE MARKETS

Develop next generation leadership and organize for scale

Number of full-time equivalent professionals



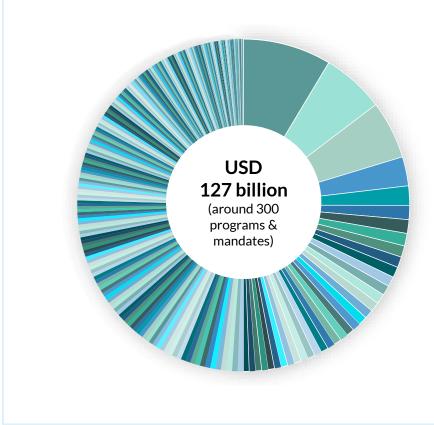
- Attract, retain, and develop diverse talent to realize full potential of private markets on behalf of all stakeholders
- Promote leadership and operation at scale allowing for employee engagement with a culture of innovation
- Increase investment in technology to allow for scale and improved efficiency across the platform





Well diversified platform across investments, programs, and structures

Breakdown by private market programs and mandates¹



Investment portfolio

- Diversified investments across more than 90 thematic growth sectors
- No material supply chain related disruptions expected
- No direct investments in Russia/Ukraine, with indirect portfolio asset exposure accounting for <0.2% of AuM
- Direct and portfolio assets exposure to China account for 4% of AuM
- Partners Group does not have any direct Russian clients



Our steadfast commitment to responsible investment and stakeholder impact

Partners Group Sustainability Ambition

Corporate Level

Carbon Reduction Program



Portfolio Level / Controlled Assets

Climate Change Strategy

Realizing Employees'
Potential



Stakeholder Benefits Program

Ownership Excellence



Sustainability at Scale



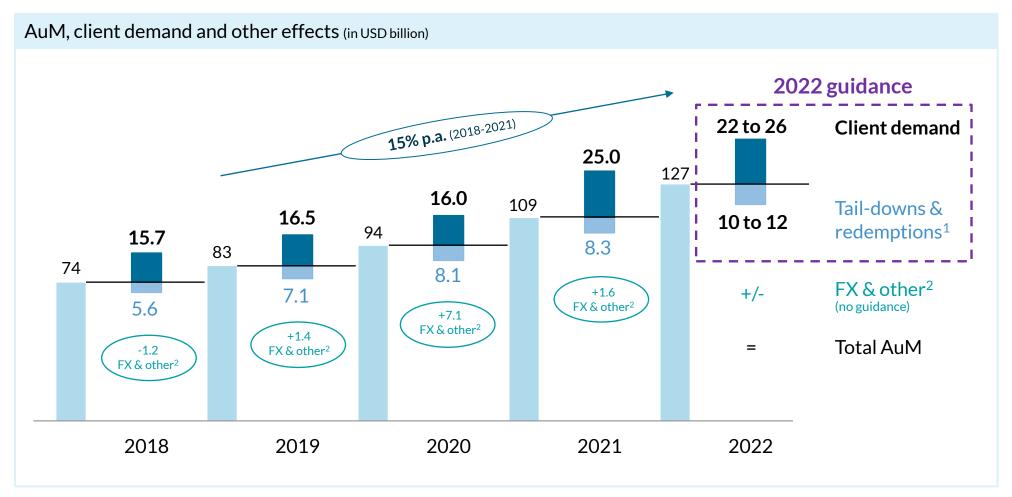
Invitations for our Corporate Sustainability update call will be sent in April 2022

Source: Partners Group (2022).



ANNUAL RESULTS 2021

Continued solid growth expected for 2022



1 Tail-downs & redemptions: tail-downs consist of maturing investment programs (typically closed-ended structures); redemptions stem from evergreen programs.

2 Other consists of performance and investment program changes from select programs.

Due to rounding, some totals may not correspond with the sum of the separate figures. For illustrative purposes only. Past performance is not indicative of future returns. Source: Partners Group (2022).



How we deliver sustainable growth





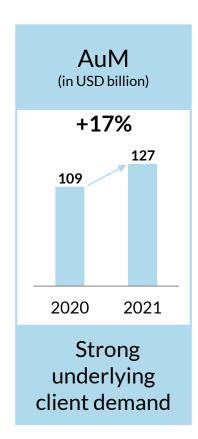


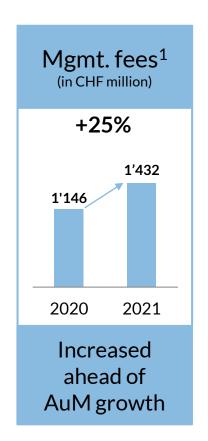
Private Markets to become the new 'traditional' asset class Confident outlook to drive sustainable & profitable AuM growth AuM growth and exceptional performance fees drive profit up 82%

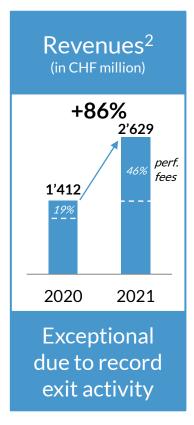


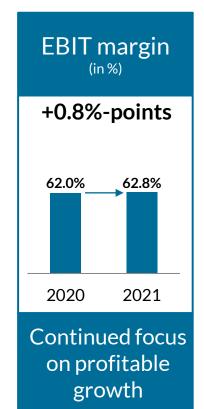


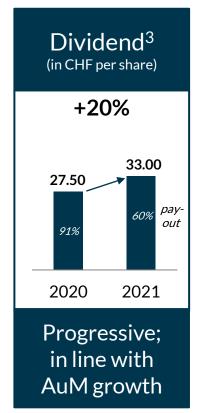
Strong 2021 financials driven by continued AuM growth and a significant increase in performance fees



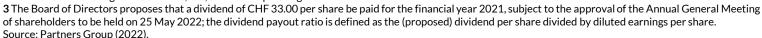








 $^{{\}bf 2}\, {\sf Revenues}\, {\sf from}\, {\sf management}\, {\sf services}, {\sf net}, {\sf and}\, {\sf other}\, {\sf operating}\, {\sf income}.$





¹ Management fees and other revenues, net, and other operating income.

Exceptional performance fees supported by record exit activity

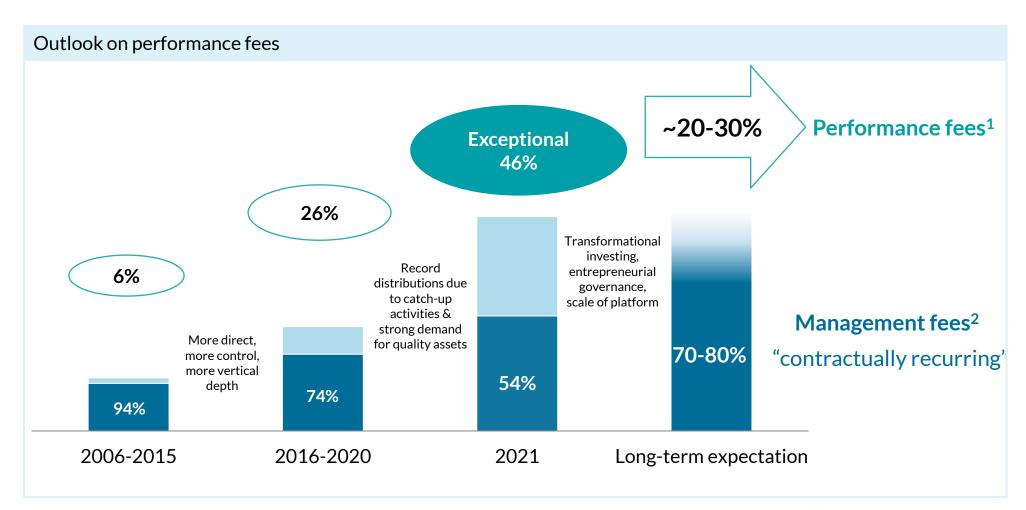


 $^{{\}bf 1} \, {\sf Revenues} \, {\sf from} \, {\sf management} \, {\sf services}, \, {\sf net}, \, {\sf and} \, {\sf other} \, {\sf operating} \, {\sf income}.$

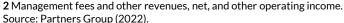


² Management fees and other revenues, net, and other operating income. Source: Partners Group (2022).

Mid- to long-term outlook on performance fees: 20-30% of total revenues

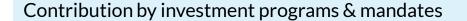


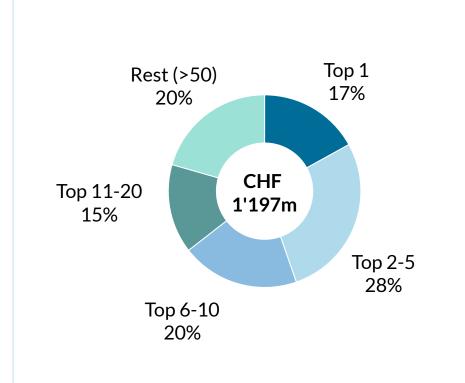
1 Assuming that the market is favorable to exits, Partners Group expects to continue to generate significant performance fees from the underlying client portfolios due to the visibility that it has on the life cycles of its programs.



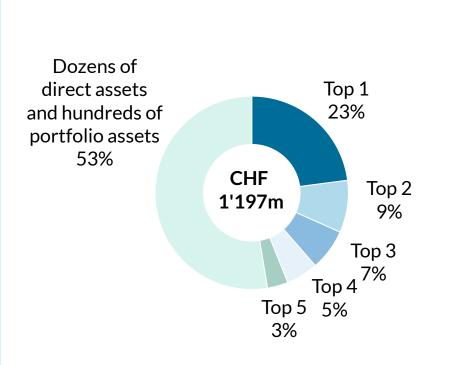


Performance fees are well diversified across programs and assets





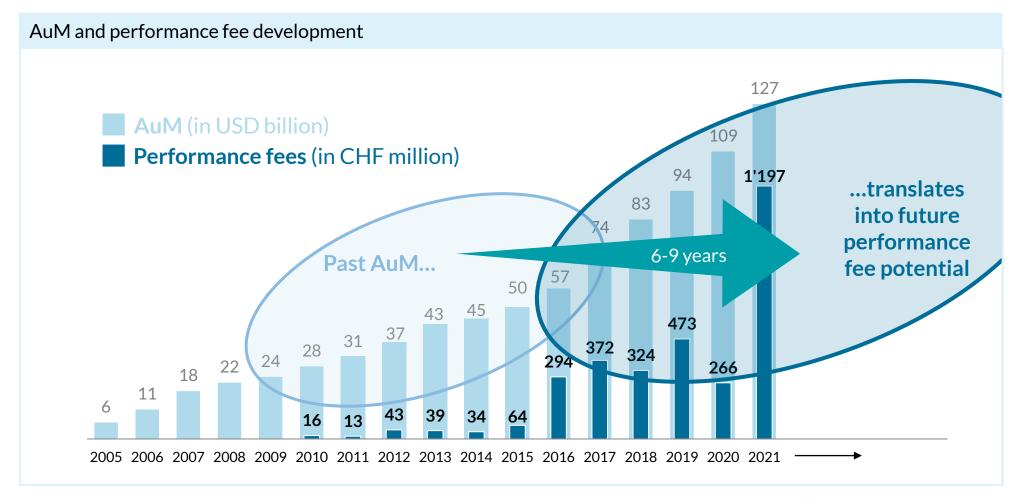
Contribution by single assets



Our investment programs are highly diversified through our portfolio management approach



Performance fee potential is expected to follow AuM growth over time

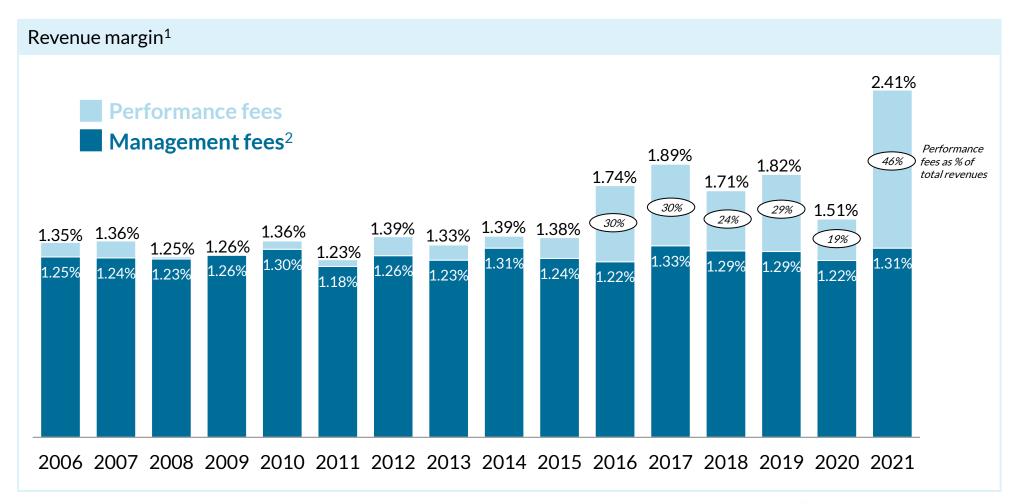


Note: assuming that the market is favorable to exits, Partners Group expects to continue to generate significant performance fees from the underlying client portfolios due to the visibility that it has on the life cycles of its programs.

Past performance is not indicative of future returns. Source: Partners Group (2022).



Continued stability of management fees



¹ Calculated as revenues divided by average assets under management, calculated on a daily basis.



² Management fees and other revenues, net, and other operating income. Source: Partners Group (2022).

Strong EBIT margin; operating costs developed in line with revenues

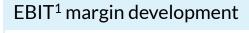
Revenues, costs and EBIT development (in CHF million)

	2021		2020
Revenues	2'629	+86%	1'412
Total operating costs, of which	-978	+82%	-537
Personnel expenses Personnel expenses (regular) Personnel expenses (performance fee-	-861 -420	+100% +28%	-430 -329
related)	-441	+335%	-101
Other operating expenses	-78	+14%	-68
Depreciation & amortization	-40	+3%	-38
EBIT	1'650	+89%	875
EBIT margin	62.8%	+0.8%-points	62.0%
Average FTEs	1'516	+1%	1'504
Year-end FTEs	1'573	+4%	1'519

Note: revenues include management fees and other revenues, net, performance fees, net, and other operating income. Regular personnel expenses exclude performance fee-related expenses. Performance-fee-related personnel expenses are calculated on an up to 40% operating cost-income ratio on revenues stemming from performance fees. For further information please refer to the 2021 Annual Report, "Key definitions and alternative performance metrics (APM)", on page 30, available for download at www.partnersgroup.com/financialreports. Source: Partners Group (2022).



Target EBIT margin confirmed and delivered

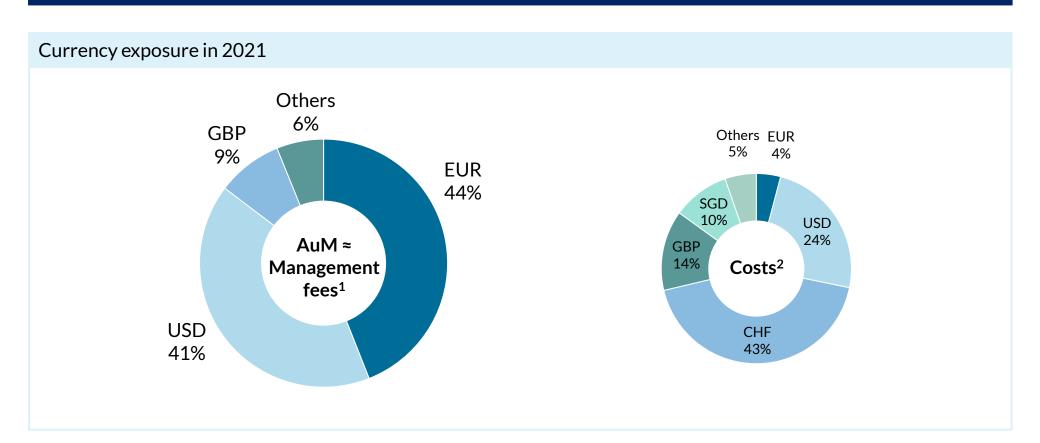




1 For the years 2012–2014, non-cash items related to the capital-protected product Pearl Holding Limited were excluded from depreciation & amortization. Source: Partners Group (2022).



Exchange rates may impact EBIT margin (<0.2% negative impact in 2021)



EUR/USD exchange rate fluctuations impact total revenues and costs as we report in CHF

1 Includes management fees and other revenues, net, and other operating income.

2 Includes regular personnel expenses (excluding performance fee-related expenses), other operating expenses as well as depreciation and amortization. Note: all figures are based on estimates and the currency denomination of underlying programs. Source: Partners Group (2022).



Strong financials, balance sheet and liquidity

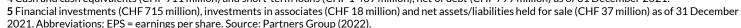
Key financials (in CHF million, except for per share data in CHF)

	2021		2020
Revenues ¹ , of which	2'629	+86%	1'412
Management fees ² Performance fees	1'432 1'197	+25% +349%	1'146 266
Total operating costs ³	-978	+82%	-537
EBIT	1'650	+89%	875
EBIT margin	62.8%	+0.8%-points	62.0%
Financial result, net Income tax expenses	76 -263		53 -124
Tax rate	15.2%		13.3%
Profit	1'464	+82%	805
Diluted EPS	55.12	+82%	30.36

1.6 CHF billion net cash⁴ 57% return on equity

0.8 CHF billion in own investments⁵ 2.9
CHF billion equity

⁴ Cash and cash equivalents (CHF 911 million) and short-term loans (CHF 1'489 million), net of debt (CHF 799 million) as of 31 December 2021.



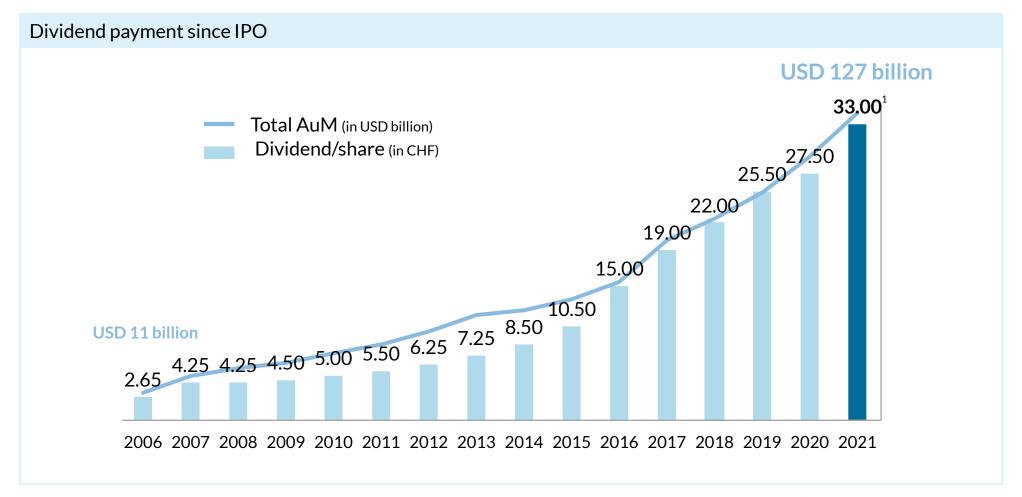


¹ Revenues include management fees and other revenues, net, performance fees, net, and other operating income.

² Management fees and other revenues, net, and other operating income.

 $^{{\}bf 3} \, {\sf Total} \, {\sf operating} \, {\sf costs} \, {\sf include} \, {\sf personnel} \, {\sf expenses}, \, {\sf other} \, {\sf operating} \, {\sf costs} \, {\sf as} \, {\sf well} \, {\sf as} \, {\sf depreciation} \, {\sf and} \, {\sf amortization}.$

Proposed dividend increase of 20% to CHF 33.00 per share (payout ratio of 60%)



1 The Board of Directors proposes that a dividend of CHF 33.00 per share be paid for the financial year 2021, subject to the approval of the Annual General Meeting of shareholders to be held on 25 May 2022. The payout ratio is calculated as dividend per share divided by diluted earnings per share. Note: assets under management exclude discontinued public alternative investment activities and divested affiliated companies held up to 2013. Past performance is not indicative of future returns. Source: Partners Group (2022).



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